

## Choreography on the Lemniscate

$$q(t) = \left( \frac{\operatorname{sn}(t)}{1 + \operatorname{cn}^2(t)}, \frac{\operatorname{sn}(t)\operatorname{cn}(t)}{1 + \operatorname{cn}^2(t)} \right) \quad \text{with } k^2 = \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{4},$$

$$\begin{cases} q_1(t) = q(t), \\ q_2(t) = q(t + T/3), \\ q_3(t) = q(t + 2T/3), \end{cases}$$

satisfies the equation of motion  $\ddot{q}_i = -\frac{\partial}{\partial q_i}U$  with

$$U = \sum_{i < j} \left( \frac{1}{2} \ln r_{ij} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{24} r_{ij}^2 \right).$$